For the pharynx and larynx

For the esophagus

For the trachea

WHAT’S ON THE INSIDE MATTERS MOST

Cetacaine®
Topical Anesthetic Spray
(Benzocaine 14.0 %, Butamben 2.0 %, Tetracaine Hydrochloride 2.0 %)

A go-to product in practices, Cetacaine spray provides rapid anesthetic onset and long duration. But that’s just the beginning! Cetacaine is proven effective in the entire trachea, with efficacy all the way down to the lower esophageal sphincter. It’s yet another way to appreciate the topical anesthetic with a legacy of confidence, reliability and performance. Cetacaine works hard, so you can work easier.

Confidence in Formulation

• Suppresses the gag reflex
• Malleable Jetco® stainless-steel cannula firmly attaches to the spray bottle
• Long history of safety when used as directed

• Onset is rapid (approximately 30 seconds) and duration is typically 30-60 minutes, when used as directed
• Up to 120 doses per bottle
• Pleasant artificial banana flavoring

Important Safety Information

• On rare occasions, methemoglobinemia has been reported in connection with the use of benzocaine-containing products. If a patient becomes cyanotic, treat appropriately to counteract (such as with methylene blue, if medically indicated).
• Care should be used not to exceed the maximum recommended dosage.

• The most common adverse reaction caused by local anesthetics is contact dermatitis characterized by erythema and pruritus that may progress to vesiculation and oozing. This occurs most commonly in patients following prolonged self-medication, which is contraindicated.
• Cetacaine may not be right for everyone including those who are hypersensitive to any of its ingredients or are known to have cholinesterase deficiencies.

Ordering Information

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<tr>
<th>Product Code</th>
<th>Amerisource Bergen</th>
<th>Cardinal Health</th>
<th>McKesson</th>
<th>Dakota Drug</th>
<th>HD Smith</th>
<th>Morris &amp; Dickson</th>
<th>Smith Drug</th>
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<tr>
<td>10223-0202-01 Cetacaine® Topical Anesthetic Spray 56 g bottle &amp; 1 Cannula (Benzocaine 14.0%, Butamben 2.0%, Tetracaine Hydrochloride 2.0%)</td>
<td>603670</td>
<td>1284363</td>
<td>1847508</td>
<td>034231</td>
<td>167-0017</td>
<td>572958</td>
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* For complete safety information, prescribing information, warnings and contraindications, see the prescribing insert on the reverse side.
Cetacaine®
TOPICAL ANESTHETIC SPRAY

Brief Summary of the Prescribing Information

Active Ingredients
Benzocaine.................................................................14.0%
Butamben.........................................................................2.0%
Tetracaine Hydrochloride ..................................................2.0%

Contains
Benzalkonium Chloride .....................................................0.5%
Cetyl Dimethyl Ethyl Ammonium Bromide .......................0.005%
In a bland water-soluble base.

Action
The onset of Cetacaine-produced anesthesia is rapid (approximately 30 seconds) and the duration of anesthesia is typically 30-60 minutes, when used as directed.

Indications
Cetacaine is a topical anesthetic indicated for the production of anesthesia of all accessible mucous membrane except the eyes. Cetacaine is indicated to control pain and for use for surgical or endoscopic or other procedures in the ear, nose, mouth, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and esophagus.

Dosage and Administration
Cetacaine Spray should be applied for approximately one second or less for normal anesthesia. Only a limited quantity of Cetacaine is required for anesthesia. Spray in excess of two seconds is contraindicated. Average expulsion rate of residue from spray, at normal temperatures, is 200 mg per second.

An appropriate pediatric dosage has not been established for Cetacaine Spray.

Dosages should be reduced in the debilitated elderly, acutely ill, and very young patients.

Tissue need not be dried prior to application of Cetacaine. Cetacaine should be applied directly to the site where pain control is required. Anesthesia is produced within one minute with an approximate duration of thirty minutes. Each 200 mg dose of Cetacaine Spray residue contains 28 mg of benzocaine, 4 mg of butamben and 4 mg of tetracaine HCl.

Adverse Reactions
Hypersensitivity Reactions: Unpredictable adverse reactions (i.e. hypersensitivity, including anaphylaxis) are extremely rare. Localized allergic reactions may occur after prolonged or repeated use of any aminobenzoate anesthetic. The most common adverse reaction caused by local anesthetics is contact dermatitis characterized by erythema and pruritus that may progress to vesiculation and oozing. This occurs most commonly in patients following prolonged self-medication, which is contraindicated. If rash, urticaria, edema, or other manifestations of allergy develop during use, the drug should be discontinued. To minimize the possibility of a serious allergic reaction, Cetacaine preparations should not be applied for prolonged periods except under continual supervision. Dehydration of the epidermis or an escharotic effect may also result from prolonged contact.

Precaution: On rare occasions, methemoglobinemia has been reported in connection with the use of benzocaine-containing products. Care should be used not to exceed the maximum recommended dosage (see Dosage and Administration). If a patient becomes cyanotic, treat appropriately to counteract (such as with methylene blue, if medically indicated).

Use in Pregnancy: Safe use of Cetacaine has not been established with respect to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. Therefore, Cetacaine should not be used during early pregnancy, unless in the judgement of a physician, the potential benefits outweigh the unknown hazards. Routine precaution for the use of any topical anesthetic should be observed when Cetacaine is used.

Contraindications
Cetacaine is not suitable and should never be used for injection. Do not use on the eyes. To avoid excessive systemic absorption, Cetacaine should not be applied to large areas of denuded or inflamed tissue. Cetacaine should not be administered to patients who are hypersensitive to any of its ingredients or to patients known to have cholinesterase deficiencies. Tolerance may vary with the status of the patient. Cetacaine should not be used under dentures or cotton rolls, as retention of the active ingredients under a denture or cotton roll could possibly cause an escharotic effect. Routine precaution for the use of any topical anesthetic should be observed when using Cetacaine.

Rx Only. Made in U.S.A.